Information Manual

Version: 1.0C2

Fingertip Pulse Oximeter



OX-100



Caution: SpO2 and pulse rate data is displayed for informational purposes only. This info does not constitute a diagnoses or medical advice of any kind. Consult your doctor for all medical information and guidance.

1. Measurement principle

calibrated to display functional oxygen saturation. The principle of the Oximeter is as follows: A data process formula is established using the Lambert Beer Law according to Spectrum Absorption Characteristics of Reductive hemoglobin(R Hb) and Oxyhemoglobin (O2 Hb) in glow and near-infrared zones. The operation principle of the instrument is Photoelectric Oxyhemoglobin Inspection Technology, which is adopted in accordance with Capacity Pulse Scanning and Recording Technology, so that two beams of different wavelength of lights (660nm glow and 940nm near infrared light) can be focused onto human nail tip through a perspective clamp finger-type sensor. A measured signal is obtained by a photosensitive element. This information is shown on two groups of LEDs after being processed through electronic circuits and microprocessor.

2. Precautions for use

- Before use, carefully read the manual The operation of Pulse Oximeter may be affected by the use of an electrosurgical unit (ESU).
- To ensure the Pulse Oximeter is able to obtain an accurate SpO2 measurement, verify nothing is interfering with the pulse measurement before recording the SpO2 result.
- Do not use the Pulse Oximeter in an MRI or CT environment
- Do not use the Pulse Oximeter in situations where alarms are required. The device has
- Explosion hazard: Do not use the Pulse Oximeter in an explosive atmosphere
- The Pulse Oximeter is intended only as an adjunct in patient assessment. It must be used
- in conjunction with other methods of assessing clinical signs and symptoms. Check the Pulse Oximeter Sensor application site *frequently* to determine the positioning
- of the sensor and circulation and skin sensitivity of the patient.

 Do not stretch the adhesive tape while applying the Pulse Oximeter Sensor. This may cause inaccurate readings or skin blisters.
- The Pulse Oximeter has no SpO2 alarms, it is not for continuous monitoring, as indicated by the symbol.
- Prolonged use or the patient's condition may require changing the sensor site periodically. Change sensor site and check skin integrity, circulatory status, and correct alignment at least every 4 hours.

3. Inaccurate measurements may be caused by

- Sterilization efforts. The device is not intended for sterilization. Use of an autoclave, ethylene oxide immersion or immersion in any liquid may cause inaccurate readings.
- Significant levels of dysfunctional hemoglobins (such as carboxyhemoglobin or methemoglobin)
- Intravascular dyes such as indocyanine green or methylene blue
- Use in high ambient light. SpO2 measurements may be adversely affected in the presence of high ambient light. When in use, the sensor should be shielded if exposed to direct sunlight or intense lighting
- Excessive patient movement
- High-frequency electrosurgical interference and defibrillators Venous pulsations
- The placement of a sensor on an extremity with a blood pressure cuff, arterial catheter, or intravascular line
- Patient conditions of hypotension, severe vasoconstriction, severe anemia, or hypothermia
- Cardiac arrest or shock
- Fingernail polish or false fingernails.

4. Technical Specifications4.1 Display type: OLED display

SpO2 display range: 0-100% PR display range: 30-235 BPM PR display mode: bargraph Data update time: < 15 s

4.2 LED Wavelengths

Infrared: 940nm

4.3 Battery life

Two AAA 1.5V alkaline batteries could be continuously operated as long as 30 hours.

4.4 Resolution: ±1% for SpO2 and ±1 BPM for Pulse Rate

4.5 Measurement Accuracy:

SpO2: 70%-100%, ±3%; ≤70% no definition.

PR: ± 2 BPM during the pulse rate range of 30-99 BPM and 2% during the pulse rate range of

4.6 It is equipped with a function switch, through which the Oximeter can be powered off automatically in case no signal is detected for more than 8 seconds.

4.7 Outline dimension:

Length: 58mm Width: 32mm Height: 34mm

Weight: 50g (including two AAA batteries)

4.8 Environment requirements:

Operation Temperature: 5-40°C Storage Temperature: -20-70°C Humidity: 15%-80% in operation

<93% in storage

Declaration: EMC of this product comply with IEC60601-1-2 standard.

5. Product Features

- 5.1 Operation of the product is simple and convenient.
- 5.2 The product is small in volume, light in weight (total weight is about 50g including batteries) and convenient in carrying.

- 5.3 Power consumption of the product is low and the two originally-equipped two AAA batteries can be operated continuously for 30 hours.
- 5.4 Low voltage warning will be indicated in visual window when battery voltage is so low that normal operation of the Oximeter might be influenced.
- 5.5 The product will automatically be powered off when no signal is detected for more than 8 seconds

6. Product Intended Use

Intended Use:

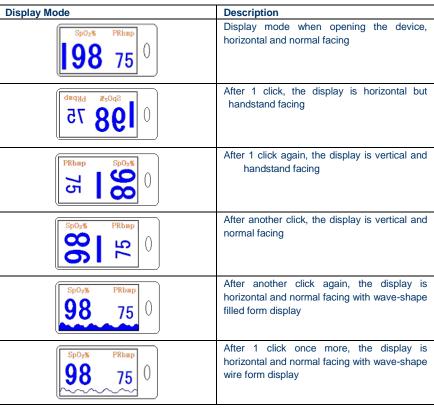
Fingertip Pulse Oximeter is a portable non-invasive, spot-check, oxygen saturation of arterial hemoglobin (SpO2) and pulse rate of adult or pediatric patient at home, or hospital (including clinical use in internist/surgery, anesthesia, intensive care). This oximeter is not intended for continuous monitoring.

The Pulse Oximeter requires no routine calibration or maintenance other than replacement of

7. Operation Instructions

- 7.1 Install two AAA batteries into battery cassette before covering its cover.
- 7.2 Open the clamp as illustrated in the picture below.
- 7.3 Insert one finger into the rubber hole of the Oximeter (it is best to insert the finger thoroughly) before releasing the clamp.
- 7.4 Press the switch button once on the front panel.7.5 Do not move fingers while using the Oximeter.
- 7.6 Read the data from the display screen.
- 7.7 Display modes

After turning on the Oximeter, each time you press the power switch, the Oximeter will switch to another display mode. There are 6 display modes shown as follows:



When the power switch is depressed for more than one second, the brightness of the Oximeter will change. There are 10 levels on brightness: the default level is level four.

When your finger is inserted into the Oximeter, your nail

8. Brief Description of Front Panel

SpO2 PR signal intensity Bar graph

Power PR 95 84

Low battery voltage indicator

SpO2 waveform

Patient pulse rhythm is indicated as such by bar graph.

- 9.1 One hanging lace
- 9.2 Two batteries
- 9.3 One instruction manual

10.1 Put the two AAA batteries into battery cassette in correct polarities.

10.2 Push the battery cover horizontally along the arrow shown as below:

Notes: Battery polarities must be correctly installed. Otherwise, damage might be caused to device.

Please install or remove batteries in the correct order.

Please remove the batteries if the Oximeter will not be operated for a long period of time.

11. Hanging Lace Installations

- 11.1 Thread thinner end of the hanging lace through the hanging hole.
 11.2 Thread thicker end of the lace through the threaded end before pulling it tightly.

- 12. Maintenance and Storage
 12.1 Replace the batteries when the low battery voltage indicator is lighted.
- 12.2 Clean surface of the fingertip on the Oximeter before each use.12.3 Remove the batteries if the Oximeter will not be operated for a long period of time.
- 12.4 It is best to preserve the product in a place where ambient temperatures are between -10-40°C or 14-104°F and humidity is between 10%-80%. It is recommended that the product should be kept in a dry environment at all times. Moisture
- could affect the product life and might damage the product.

 12.5 Follow local ordinances and recycling instructions regarding disposal or recycling of the

device and device components, including batteries.

Cleaning the Pulse Oximeter

ean the rubber touching the finger inside of the Oximeter with a soft dampened cloth with 70% isopropyl alcohol, and clean the test finger using alcohol before and after each test. Do not pour or spray any liquids onto the Oximeter, and do not allow any liquids to enter any openings in the device. Allow the Oximeter to dry thoroughly before reusing.

13. Possible Problems and Resolutions

Problem	Possible reason	Solution
SpO2% or pulse rate is not displayed normally	Finger is not inserted in correctly Patient's SpO2 value is too low to be measured Excessive ambient light	Retry by reinserting your finger Repeat measurements if SpO2 value is suspected to be low. Seek medical attention for professional medical diagnoses. Shield from excessive ambient light
SpO2% or pulse rate is unstable	Finger might not be inserted deep enough Excessive patient movement	Reinsert your finger Be still for several minutes and retry
The Monitor can not be powered on	1.No battery or battery voltage is too low 2.Battery is installed incorrectly 3. The monitor is damaged	Replace battery Reinstall the battery Contact Inogen Technical Service
Display powers off	The oximeter is automatically powered off when no signal is detected for more than 8 seconds The battery power is too low	The oximeter is performing to specifications Replace the battery
"Error3" or "Error4" Displayed on screen	Error 3 means the red emission LED is damaged. Error 4 means the infra-red emission LED is damaged.	Contact Inogen Technical Service
Error 6	Error 6 means the crystal is failure	Contact Inogen Technical Service
"Error7" displayed on screen	Error 7 means the emission LED or reception dioxide is damaged.	Check the emission LED and reception dioxide.

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic emissions For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic emission Guidance and Manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic environment specified below. The user of the *Pulse Oximeter* should ensure that it is used in a proper environment according to

the following guidelines.			
Emission test	Compliance	Electromagnetic Environment – guidance	
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The Pulse Oximeter uses very low RF energy and is not likely to cause interference in nearby electronic equipment.	
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The Pulse Oximeter is suitable to use in all establishments, including homes directly connected to a pub	
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Not Applicable		
Voltage fluctuations/ flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Not Applicable	low-voltage power supply network.	

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity-For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic environment specified below. The user of the *Pulse Oximeter* should ensure that it is used in a proper environment according to

the following guidelines.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment – guidance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	+/- kV contact +/- 8kV air	+/- kV contact +/- 8kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If the floor is covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3A/m	3A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristics of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity-For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS that are not LIFE-SUPPORTING

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity Guidance and Manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic environment specified below. The

user of the <i>Pulse Oximeter</i> should ensure that it is used in a proper environment according to the following guidelines.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment – guidance
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz	3 V/m	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment, including cables, should not be used in proximity of the Pulse Oximeter. The recommended separation distance is calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance $d = \begin{bmatrix} 3.5 \\ E_1 \end{bmatrix} \sqrt{P}$ $80 \text{ MHz to } 800 \text{ MHz}$ $d = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3.5}{E_1} \end{bmatrix} \sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2.5 GHz Where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in meters (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site

survey, should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. Interference may occur in the vicini with following symbol:

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies. NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations, Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection structures, objects and people.

A Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base station for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the Pulse Oximeter should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measurements may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating of the Pulse Oximeter.

B Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, fields strengths should be less than 3 V/m

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the EQUIPMENT or SYSTEMS -

For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS that are not LIFE-SUPPORTING

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and Pulse Oximeter

The Pulse Oximeter is intended for use in electromagnetic environment in which radiated RI disturbances are controlled. The user of the Pulse Oximeter can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the *Pulse Oximeter* as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum output	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter (m)		
power of transmitter	80 MHz to 800 MHz	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz	
(W)	$d = \left[\frac{3.5}{E_1}\right] \sqrt{P}$	$d = \left[\frac{7}{E_i}\right] \sqrt{P}$	
0.01	0.1167	0.2334	
0.1	0.3689	0.7378	
1	1.1667	2.3334	
10	3.6893	7.3786	
100	11.6667	23.3334	

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

15. Symbol Definitions

Symbol	Definition	Symbol	Definition
፟	The equipment type is BF		Low battery voltage indicator
\triangle	Refer to user manual before application	SN	Serial No.
%SpO ₂	Hemoglobin saturation	SpO2	Not for continuous monitoring
₽ BPM	Heart rate (BPM)		Address

Manufacturer: Beijing Choice Electronics Technology Co., Ltd

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